

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE AS A FIREFIGHTER

VOLUME 132

This publication represents the views and expert opinions of an IARC Working Group on the Identification of Carcinogenic Hazards to Humans, which met in Lyon, France, 7–14 June 2022

LYON, FRANCE - 2023

IARC MONOGRAPHS
ON THE IDENTIFICATION
OF CARCINOGENIC HAZARDS
TO HUMANS

ANNEX 2. SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL FOR SECTION 2, CANCER IN HUMANS

These supplementary online-only tables are available from: https://publications.iarc.fr/615.

Please report any errors to imo@iarc.who.int.

Table S2.2	Cohort and case-control studies only reporting having ever worked as a fire fighter and cancers of the lung and respiratory system, including mesothelioma
Table S2.4	Cohort and case–control studies only reporting having ever worked as a fire fighter and cancers of the urogenital system
Table S2.6	Cohort and case–control studies only reporting having ever worked as a fire fighter and cancers of lymphatic and haematopoietic tissues
Table S2.8	Cohort and case–control studies only reporting having ever worked as a fire fighter and cancers of the skin, thyroid, and brain
Table S2.10	Cohort and case-control studies only reporting ever having worked as a fire fighter and cancers of the colon and rectum, oesophagus, stomach, and other sites
Table S2.11	Cohort studies reporting occupational characteristics of firefighters and cancer of all sites combined
Table S2.12	Cohort and case–control studies only reporting having ever worked as a fire fighter and cancer of all sites combined