Nonmammalian systems											Mammalian systems																											
Proka- ryotes	Lower eukaryotes				Plants			Ins	Insects			In vitro In vi														1 vivo	vivo											
												Animal cells							Human cells							A	Animals						Humans					
D G	D	R	G	A	D	G	С	R	G	С	A	D	G	s	М	С	A	т	I	D	G	s	М	С	A	T I		G	s	м	С	DL	A	D	s	М	C A	<u>ـــــ</u>
Process s +	strea	ams									<u> </u>										···· ·			<u></u>											, <i>a</i>		_1,a	
Crude oi ∓ ^{b,}														+1,0		_1,0					· .,. ,.	1				<u></u>		<u></u>	?	1								
Gasoline 1,e								+1,/		<u>.</u>		+	±1,8	3		<u> </u>				+1	1	1			-		+											
Jet fuel _											<u> </u>		 +1																		 +1			<u> </u>				
Diesel fu	el		<u></u>									da 11		<u> </u>														· · ·			· · · · · ·							
? ^h _1,i			1										_1																		+1							
Fuel oils: Residu		uel oil																									··· , ,											
_1 <i>j</i>			_1, <i>j</i>													+1, <i>k</i>	:																					
Kerose	ene-t	ype fu	el oil																																			
l													_1																		1							
Fuel oi	l No	o. 2																																				_
+1													+1	+1.7	2	_1, <i>n</i>	7														+1							

Appendix 1. Summary table of genetic and related effects of process streams and products from petroleum refining

¹One study

^aPositive effects were observed in sewage-treatment workers in an oil refinery; ^bextracts of crude oils; ^cneutral aromatic fractions of crude oil; ^dunleaded unless otherwise specified; ^eDMSO extract of unleaded gasoline and residue from evaporation of unleaded gasoline; ^fleaded gasoline; ^gpositive in one study using a DMSO extract and a residue from evaporation; ^hdifferent results found with samples of different diesel fuels; ⁱaliphatic and aromatic fractions; ^jbunker fuel; ^kB-class heavy oil; ^lincluding one study with an aromatic fraction; ^mtwo aromatic fractions of fuel oil No. 2

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